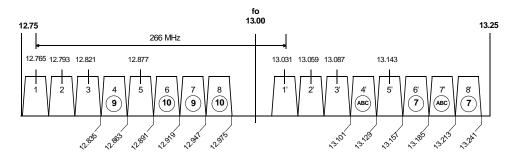
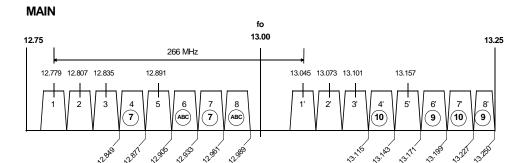
### THE 13 GHz BAND (12.75 - 13.25 GHz)

#### RF CHANNEL ARRANGEMENTS





#### **INTERLEAVED**

TOB Network Licences: (7) = Seven Network; (9) = Nine Network; (10) = Ten Network; (ABC) = ABC Network; (ABC

#### ASSIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

This band is designated for use by medium capacity fixed point-to-point links and Television Outside Broadcast (TOB) services (See Notes 1 to 6).

Typical Use : FIXED - 34 Mbit/s data

TOB - temporary links for live coverage of events

teleconferencing, outside broadcast, etc.

Assignment Priority : not specified
Minimum Path Length : not specified

**Antenna Requirements** : FIXED - refer to Appendix 11

TOB - 0.6 m standard parabolic dish

#### **Notes:**

- 1. With the exception of interleaved channel 8', all channels are 28 MHz wide.
- 2. Fixed assignments may be made only on main channels 1-1', 2-2', 3-3' and 5-5'. However, assignments for fixed services on channels 5-5' are not permitted within 100 km of a capital city.
- 3. TOB channel designations for the major television networks are shown above.
- 4. Non-network TOB operators share channels 5-5'.
- 5. TOB assignments shall be endorsed with Special Condition 27.
- 6. TOB sharing arrangements are described in Reference 1.

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# References

- 1. Spectrum Planning Document No. SP 1/90, "Spectrum and Licensing Arrangements for Outside Broadcast Television Services" March 1990.
- 2. Rec. ITU-R F.497-4, "Radio-frequency channel arrangements for radio-relay systems operating in the 13 GHz frequency band".

## THE 13 GHz BAND (12.75 - 13.25 GHz)

### **PROTECTION RATIOS**

1. Protection ratios required between digital systems.

Frequency Offset	PROTECTION RATIO (dB)				
(MHz)	Digital Interferer $Tx \rightarrow Digital \ Victim \ Rx$				
	14 MHz	14 MHz	28 MHz	28 MHz	
	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	
	14 MHz	28 MHz	14 MHz	28 MHz	
0	50	50	50	50	
14	20	35	45	47	

2. Protection ratios required between digital and analogue systems.

Frequency Offset (MHz)	PROTECTION RATIO (dB)				
	Analogue Interferer Tx		Digital Interferer Tx		
	Digital Victim Rx		Analogue Victim Rx		
	28 MHz	28 MHz	14 MHz	28 MHz	
	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	↓ ↓	$\downarrow$	
	14 MHz	28 MHz	28 MHz	28 MHz	
0	50	50	60	60	
14	35	45	40	55	

3. Protection ratios between analogue systems.

Frequency Offset	PROTECTION RATIO (dB)	
(MHz)	Analogue Interferer $Tx \rightarrow Analogue Victim Rx$	
	$28 \text{ MHz} \rightarrow 28 \text{ MHz}$	
0	60	
14	50	

#### Notes:

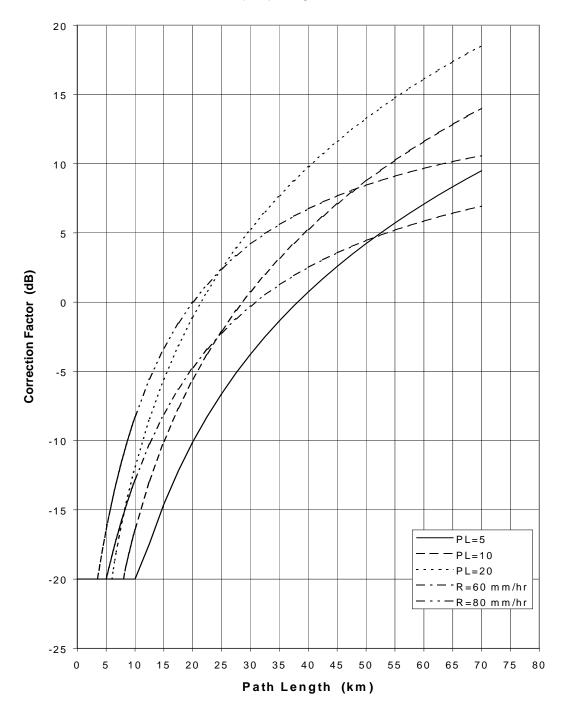
1. Protection ratios for digital systems are based on a 20 km path length and R (*Rainfall rate in mm/hr for 0.01% of the worst month*) of 80 mm/hr. For other path lengths, rainfall rates and PL (*Percentage of time that the average refractivity gradient in the lowest 100 m of the atmosphere is less than or equal to -100 N units/km*) values refer to the appropriate protection ratio correction factors graph on the following page.

[13 GHz - Page 3 of 4]

# THE 13 GHz BAND (12.75 - 13.25 GHz)

### PROTECTION RATIO CORRECTION FACTORS

### **RAIN AND MULTI PATH**



 $P_L$ :Percentage of time that the average refractivity gradient in the lowest 100 m of the atmosphere is less than or equal to -100 N units/km.

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R: Rainfall rate in mm/hr for 0.01% of the worst month. For further details refer to Annex A to Appendix 1.